

### Description

Thermal-Link (ATCO)-Alloy Type is defined as a non-resettable protective device functioning one time only. It is widely used in electrical equipment. ATCO is mainly consist of fusible alloy, flux resin, case, sealant and lead wires. Normally, fusible alloy is jointed to the two lead wires. Under abnormal conditions, when the temp. reaches to the fusing temp. of ATCO, the fusible alloy melts and quickly retracts to the two lead wire ends with the aid of the flux resin and disconnects the circuit completely.

SETsafe | SETfuse Thermal-Link (ATCO)-Alloy Type YM series Rated Functioning Temp. from 130 °C to 150 °C, Rated Current: 5 A, safety certification Includes UL, cUL, TUV, PSE, VDE, KC, CCC, and complies with RoHS and REACH.

### Features

- Non-Resettable
- High Accuracy of Functioning Temp.
- RoHS & REACH Compliant

### Applications

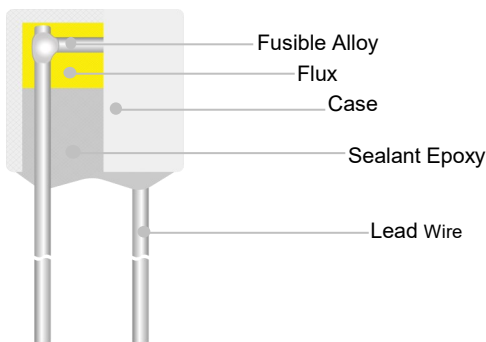
- Lamps
- Switched-Mode Power Supplies
- Home Electrical Appliances
- Power Strips
- Batteries

### Customization

- Other Temp.
- The Length of Lead Wires
- Taping Packing Available
- Lead Wires can be Insulated
- Tinned Copper Wires or CP Wires
- Leads Forming Types

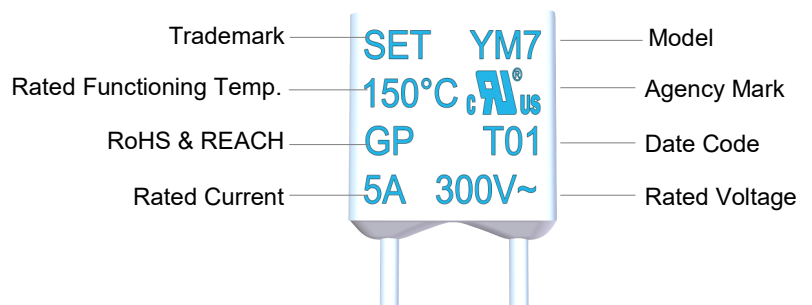
### Structure Diagrams

Radial



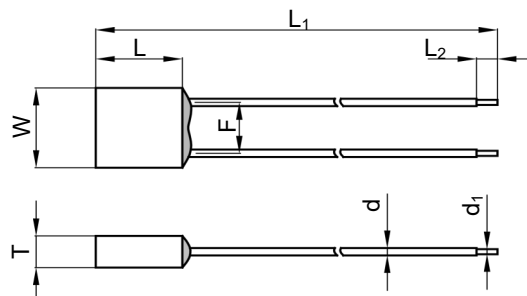
### Marking

Radial (Color for reference only)



Remark: The Date Code means Year and quarter: A stands for 2000, B stands for 2001 and 01 stands for the first quarter, 02 stands for the second quarter, and so on.

### Dimensions (mm)



L	L <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>2</sub>	W	T	d	d <sub>1</sub>	F
7.0 ± 0.5	50.0 ± 2.0	5.0 ± 1.0	6.6 ± 0.5	2.7 ± 0.2	1.1 ± 0.1	0.8 ± 0.05	4.0 ± 0.5





Specifications

Rated Functioning Temp. (T<sub>f</sub>) °C

Model	Fusing Temp.	T <sub>h</sub>	T <sub>m</sub>	I <sub>r</sub>	U <sub>r</sub>	I <sub>n</sub> 8 / 20 μs (15 Times)	I <sub>max</sub> 8 / 20 μs (1 Time)	UL®	cUL®	TUV	PSE	RoHS REACH		
	(°C)	(°C)	(°C)	(A)	(V)	(kA)	(kA)	UL	cUL	TUV	PSE			
150	YM7	145 ± 2	123	200	5	AC 300	3	6	●	●	●	●	●	
									AC 500	●	●	○		●
									AC 690	●	●	○		●
136	YM9	131 ± 2	111	200	5	AC 300	3	6	●	●	●	●	●	
									AC 500	●	●	○		●
									AC 690	●	●	○		●
130	YM4	125 ± 2	103	200	5	AC 300	3	6	●	●	●	●	●	
									AC 500	●	●	○		●
									AC 690	●	●	○		●

Note:  
 1: "●"Means certificated, "○"Means non-certificated.  
 2: RoHS & REACH Compliant .

### Agency Information

Agency Symbol	Standards	The File No. and certification No. obtained by SETsafe   SETfuse
	UL 60691	E214712
	CAN-CSA-E60691	E214712
	EN 60691	R50408477
	J60691	JET2121-32001-2024 、 JET2121-32001-2025

### Soldering

#### Hand-Soldering

- Soldering should be carried out according to Table T-1.
- The thermal element of ATCO is fusible alloy with low melting point, which is jointed with ATCO lead wires. Improper soldering operation (too high soldering temp. , too long soldering time, too short lead wire etc.) may transfer more heat to the thermal element and ATCO may open in advance.
- When soldering conditions are more severe than those listed in Table T-1, a heat sink fixture should be used between soldering point and ATCO body.
- When soldering, please do not pull / push or twist ATCO body or lead wires.
- After soldering, let it naturally cool for longer than 20 seconds. During cooling, never move the ATCO body or lead wires.

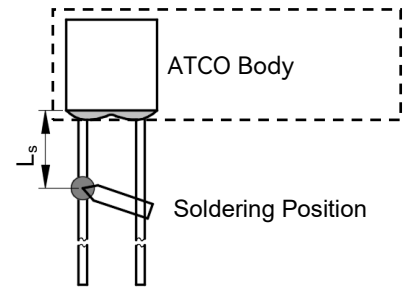


FIGURE T-1

TABLE T-1 Hand-Soldering Time

Rated Functioning Temp. (T <sub>f</sub> )	Max. Allowable Soldering Time for Different Lead Wire Length (Fig.T-1)									Max. Soldering Temp.
	L <sub>s</sub> Length	Time		L <sub>s</sub> Length	Time		L <sub>s</sub> Length	Time		
		Tinned Copper Wire	CP Wire		Tinned Copper Wire	CP Wire		Tinned Copper Wire	CP Wire	
(°C)	(mm)	(s)	(s)	(mm)	(s)	(s)	(mm)	(s)	(s)	(°C)
130 to 135	10	1 <sup>a</sup>	4	20	3	6	30	5	8	400
136 to 150	10	3	6	20	5	8	30	5	8	

Note:

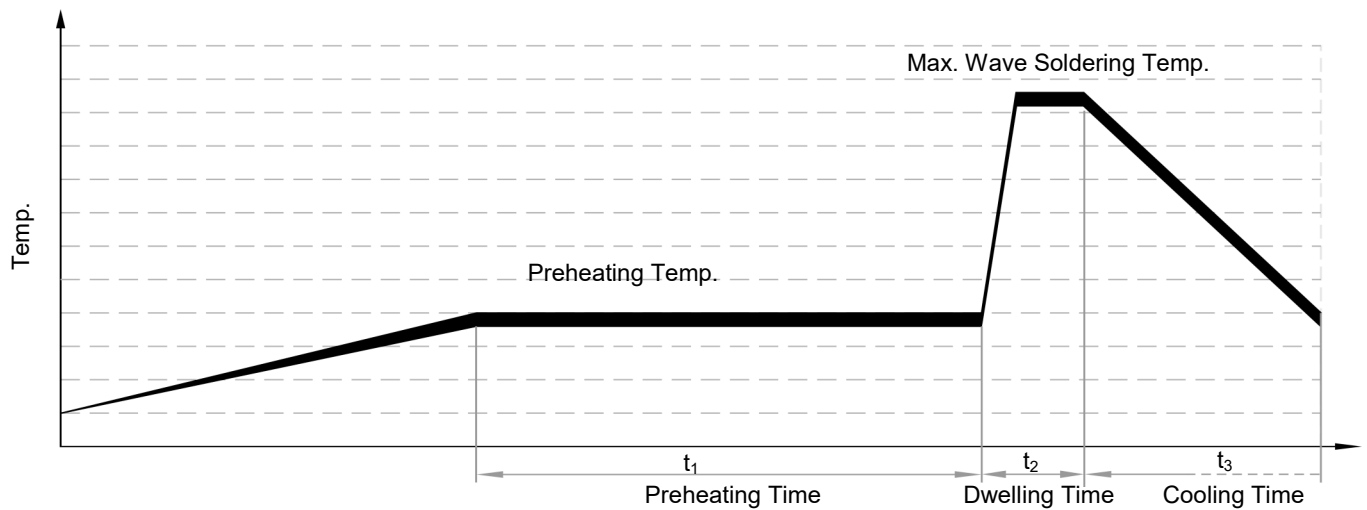
a: Auxiliary Heat Sink Fixture is Required to Avoid ATCO Cutting off Unexpectedly.

Wave Soldering

The wave soldering parameters as Table T-2, for reference only, when ATCO is for practice use, you need to do some validation experiments. For example, using X-RAY to see the fusible alloy of ATCO whether damage after wave soldering.

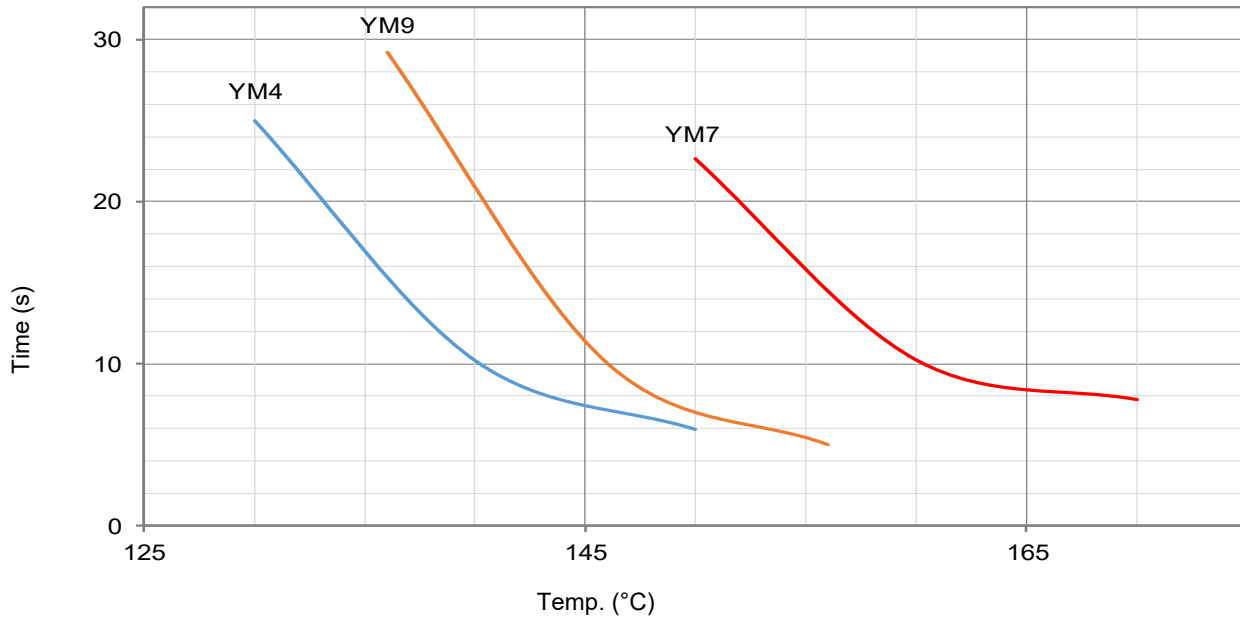
TABLE T-2 Wave Soldering Parameters Setting

Rated Functioning Temp. ( $T_f$ )	Max. Allowable Preheating Temp. When the Length of Lead Wire is Different (Fig.T-1)				Preheating Time ( $t_1$ )	Max. Wave Soldering Temp.	Dwelling Time ( $t_2$ )	Cooling Time ( $t_3$ )
	$L_s$ Length	Preheating Temp.	$L_s$ Length	Preheating Temp.				
(°C)	(mm)	(°C)	(mm)	(°C)	(s)	(°C)	(s)	(s)
76 to 130	Recommend Hand-Soldering							
131 to 150	20	80	30	90	< 60	≤ 260	≤ 3	≤ 10



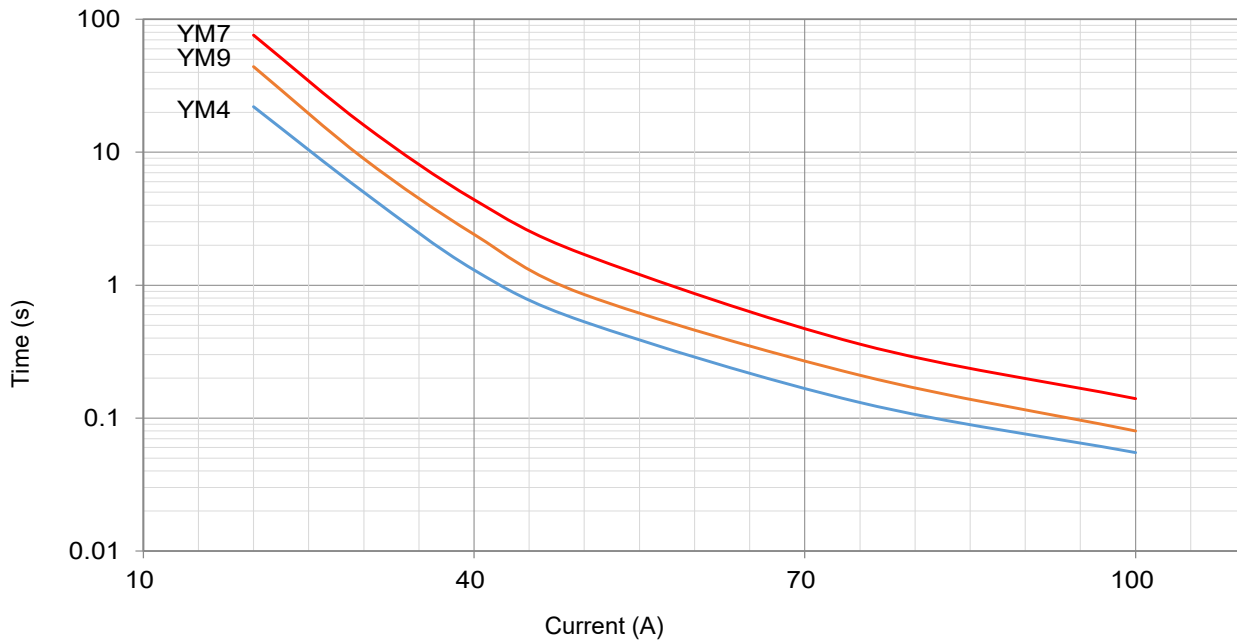
### Product Temp.-Time Curve (Reference)

The Temp.-Time Curve of Thermal-Link in different temp. oil bath.



### Product Current-Time Curve (Reference)

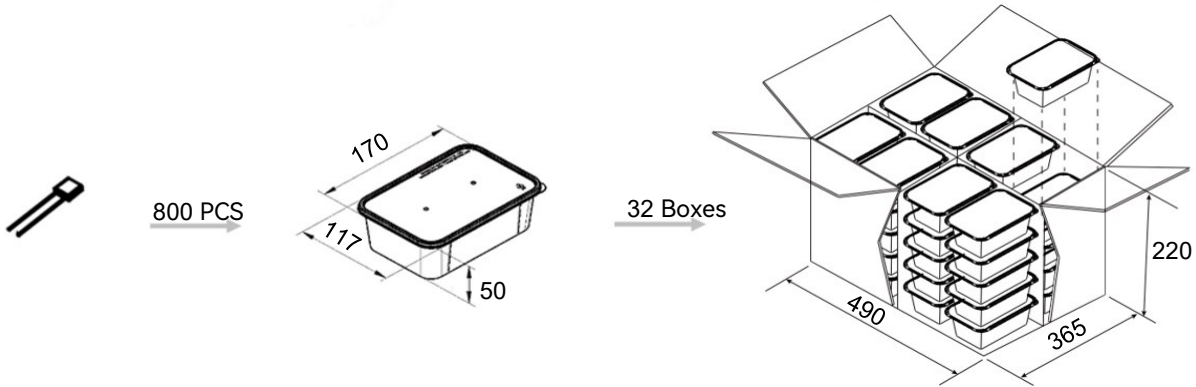
The Current-Time Curve shows functioning time at multi-times rated current at room temperature  $25 \pm 2 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .



### Packaging Information

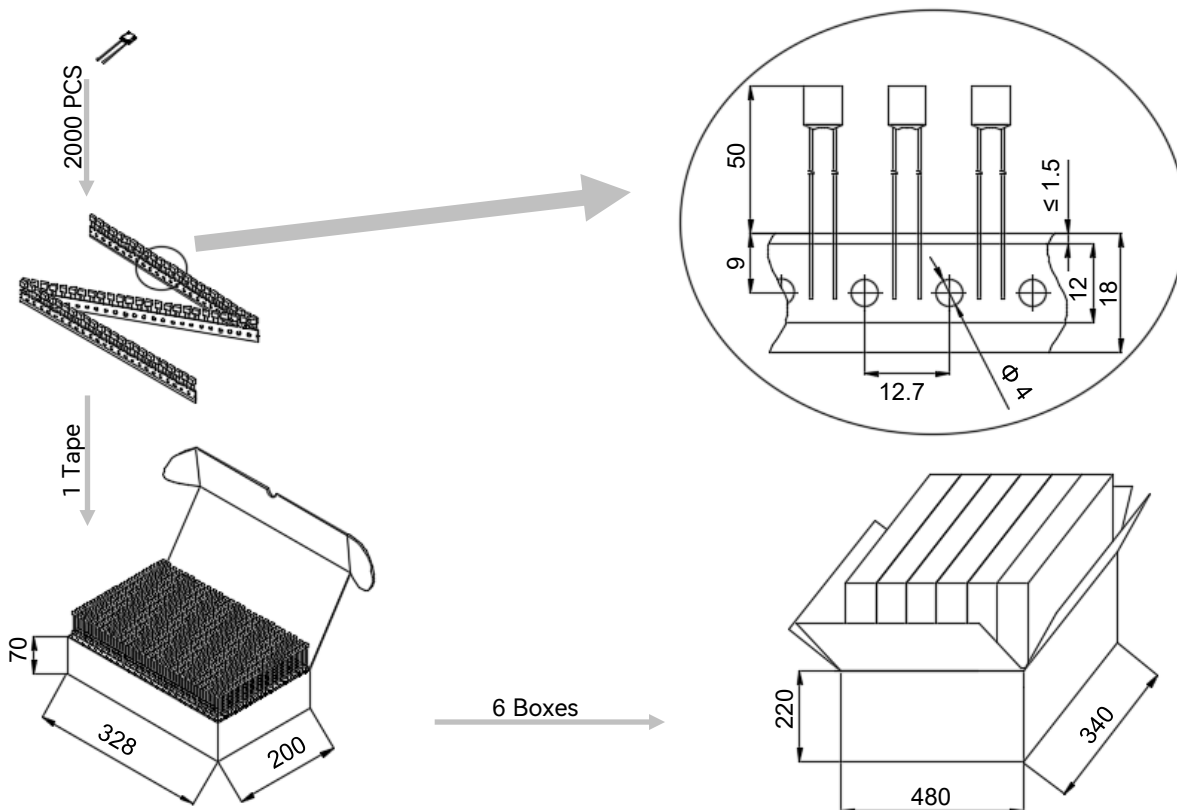
#### Bulk

Item	Box	Carton
Dimensions (mm)	170 × 117 × 50	490 × 365 × 220
Quantity (PCS)	800	25600
Gross Weight (kg)		18.9 ± 10%



#### Taping

Item	Box	Carton
Dimensions (mm)	328 × 200 × 70	480 × 340 × 220
Quantity (PCS)	2000	12000
Gross Weight (kg)		8 ± 10%



### Part Numbering System

ATCO -YM 7 - A N N A B - 001

**Other Options**

**Packing**

- B Bulk
- T Taping

**Leads Forming**

- A Straight Lead
- B Single Lead Bending
- C Leads Bending
- D Leads Kinking
- E Leads Bending and Kinking

**Color of Insulation Tube**

- W White
- Y Yellow
- R Red
- K Black
- N None

**Insulation Tube Material**

- T Teflon
- P Polyester
- N None

**Lead Wire Type**

- A Tinned Copper Wire
- B Tinned Copper Plated Wire

**Rated Functioning Temp.**

- 7 150 °C, See Specifications

**Series**

- YM Series  
See Specifications

**Product Category**

ATCO Alloy Thermal-Link

## Glossary

Item	Description
TCO	<p><b>Thermal-Link</b> A non-resettable device incorporating a THERMAL ELEMENT which will open a circuit once only when exposed for a sufficient length of time to a temperature in excess of that for which it has been designed.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
ATCO	<p><b>Alloy Thermal-Link</b> Alloy Type Thermal-Link, Alloy is the thermal element.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$T_f$	<p><b>Rated Functioning Temp.</b> The temperature of the Alloy Thermal-Link which causes it to change the state of conductivity with a detection current up to 10 mA as the only load.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p> <p>Tolerance: <math>T_f</math> °C (GB 9816.1, EN 60691, K60691). Tolerance: <math>T_f \pm 7</math> °C (J60691).</p>
Fusing Temp.	<p><b>Fusing Temp.</b> The temperature of the Alloy Thermal-Link which causes it to change its state of conductivity is measured with silicone oil bath in which the temperature is increased at the rate of 0.5 °C to 1 °C / minute, with a detection current up to 10 mA as the only load.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$T_h$	<p><b>Holding Temp.</b> The Maximum temperature at which a Alloy Thermal-Link will not change its state of conductivity when conducting rated current for 168 hours.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$T_m$	<p><b>Maximum Temp. Limit</b> The temperature of the Alloy Thermal-Link stated by the manufacturer, up to which the mechanical and electrical properties of the Alloy Thermal-Link having changed its state of conductivity, will not be impaired for a given time.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$I_r$	<p><b>Rated Current</b> The current used to classify a Alloy Thermal-Link.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$U_r$	<p><b>Rated Voltage</b> The voltage used to classify a Alloy Thermal-Link.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (GB 9816.1)</p>
$I_n$	<p><b>Nominal Discharge Current</b> Being able to withstand 15 peak currents of waveform 8/20 <math>\mu</math>s to test the product's durability of withstanding pulse current.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (UL 1449)</p>
$I_{max}$	<p><b>Max. Discharge Current</b> Being able to withstand 1 peak current of waveform 8/20 <math>\mu</math>s to test max. pulse current that the product can withstand.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">— (UL 1449)</p>



# ATTENTION

## Usage

1. When atmosphere pressure is from 80 kPa to 106 kPa, the related altitude shall be from 2000 meters to - 500 meters.
2. Operating voltage less than rated voltage of ATCO, operating current less than rated current of ATCO.
3. Do not touch the ATCO body or lead wires directly when power is on, to avoid burn or electric shock.

## Replace

ATCO is a non-repairable product. For safety sake, it shall be replaced by an equivalent ATCO from the same manufacturer, and mounted in the same way.

## Storage

Do not store the ATCO at the high temp., high humidity or corrosive gas environment, avoid influencing the solder-ability of the lead wires, the product shall be used up within 1 year after receiving the goods.

## Installation

Make Sure the Temp. of Installation Position.

1. It is recommended that a dummy ATCO with inbuilt thermo-couple shall be used to determine the proper temp.
2. The terminal product should be tested to ensure that potential abnormal conditions do not cause ambient temp. to exceed the  $T_m$  of the ATCO.
3. Mount the ATCO at the location where temp. rises evenly.

Installation position of mechanical performance requirements.

1. Do not locate the ATCO in a place where severe vibration always occurs.
2. Ensure that the lead wire is long enough, and avoid actions such as press, tensile or twist.
3. The seal or body of ATCO must not be damaged, burned or over heated.

## Mechanical Connection

### Riveting

1. Choose small resistivity riveting material and be riveted.
2. A flexible lead or lead with low resistance should be used to rivet the ATCO.
3. Contact resistance should be minimal, large contact resistance will lead to higher temp., ATCO Functioning in advance.

### Crimping

1. Choose small resistivity crimping material and be crimped.
2. A flexible lead or lead with low resistance should be used to rivet the ATCO.
3. Contact resistance should be minimal, large contact resistance will lead to higher Temp., ATCO Functioning in advance.

## Lead Wire Forming

1. If lead wire has to be bent, please pay attention to the distance between body and bending point. Refer to Table T-3.
2. When bending leads, please use pincher or similar tools to fix the product as shown in Fig.T-2, to avoid damaging the product.
3. During forming and mounting, lead wire should not be cut, nicked, bent sharply, to avoid breaking the product.
4. Tangential forces on the leads must be avoided (i.e. pushing or pulling on the leads at angle to ATCO body) as such forces may damage the seal of ATCO.

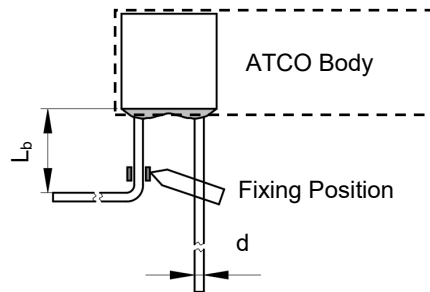


FIGURE T-2

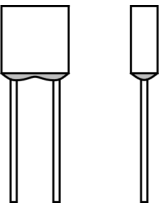
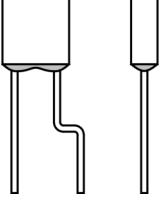
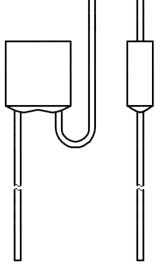
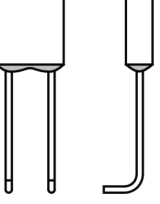
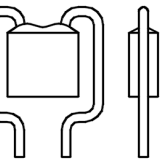
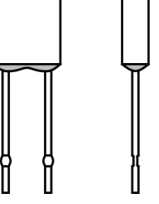
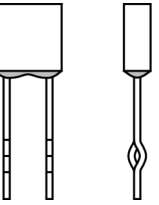
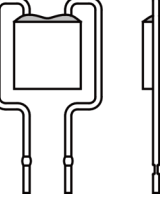
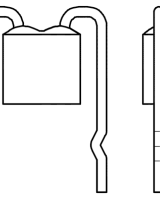
TABLE T-3 Distance between Body and Bending Point

Circular lead	d	(mm)	< 1.0	1.0 - 1.2	> 1.2
	L <sub>b</sub>	(mm)	≥ 3	≥ 5	≥ 10

### Leads Forming Types

The below leads forming is for reference, more leads forming can be customized.

**Radial**

A	B	C	D	E
	 	 	 	 



### Thermal-Link (ATCO)-Alloy Type Feature & Model List Overview

Rated Functioning Temp. $T_r$ (°C)	Model																																
	SY145	TY145	KM7	XM7	YM7	Y7	SM150	TM150		KM7	XM7			YM7	HU7	HR7			YM7	HC7		HL7	HW7										
230																																	
221																																	
205																																	
200																																	
187																																	
160																																	
150			KM7	XM7	YM7	Y7	SM150	TM150		KM7	XM7			YM7	HU7	HR7			YM7	HC7		HL7	HW7										
145	SY145	TY145													HU6	HR6	HS145	HP145		HC6	HN145	HL6	HW6										
139																																	
136					YM9	Y9	SM136	TM136	Q136			P136	Q136	YM9			HS136	HP136	YM9		HN136												
135			KM5	XM5						KM5	XM5				HU5	HR5				HC5		HL5	HW5										
133																																	
130	SY130	TY130	KM4	XM4	YM4	Y4				KM4	XM4			YM4	HU4	HR4			YM4			HL4	HW4										
125	SY125	TY125								KM3	XM3	P125	Q125		HU3	HR3	HS125	HP125		HC3	HN125	HL3	HW3										
123																																	
120	SY120	TY120																															
115	SY115	TY115					SM115	TM115	Q115			P115	Q115		HU2	HR2				HC2		HL2	HW2										
105	SY105	TY105																															
102							SM102	TM102				P102	Q102		HU1	HR1				HC1		HL1	HW1										
97																																	
95	SY95	TY95																															
86															HU18	HR18				HC18		HL18	HW18										
76															HU0	HR0				HC0		HL0	HW0										
$I_r$ (A) Rated Current	10	15	2	3	5	5	10	15 16	25	2	3	20	25	5	10	15	5	10	5	5	15	10	15										
$U_r$ (VAC) Rated Voltage	250		300						320		400		500				690			800													
Product Structure																																	
	Cylindrical		Radial Shape										Axial Shape	Axial Shape (Flat Electrode)	Radial Shape	Axial Shape	Axial Shape (Flat Electrode)	Axial Shape															

Lead wire can be customized.



Thermal-Link (ATCO)-Alloy Type Feature & Model List Overview

Rated Functioning Temp. $T_r$ (°C)	Model																		
	KG3	XG3	K3	X3	F3	X6	S150	T150	P150	Q150	GA150	SD150	TD150	PD150	QD150	HS150	HP150	HN150	
230	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
221	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
205	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
200	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
187	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
160	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
150	○	○	○	○	○	○	S150	T150	○	○	GA150	SD150	TD150	PD150	QD150	HS150	HP150	HN150	
145	○	○	○	○	F6	X6	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
139	○	○	○	○	F13	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
136	○	○	○	○	○	X9	S136	T136	P136	Q136	GA136	SD136	TD136	PD136	QD136	HS136	HP136	HN136	
135	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
133	○	○	○	○	F8	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
130	○	○	○	○	F4	○	○	○	○	○	GA130	SD130	TD130	PD130	QD130	○	○	○	
125	KG3	XG3	K3	X3	○	○	S125	T125	P125	Q125	GA125	SD125	TD125	PD125	QD125	HS125	HP125	HN125	
123	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
120	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
115	KG2	XG2	K2	X2	F2	○	S115	T115	P115	Q115	GA115	SD115	TD115	PD115	QD115	○	○	○	
105	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
102	KG1	XG1	K1	X1	F1	○	S102	T102	P102	Q102	GA102	SD102	TD102	PD102	QD102	○	○	○	
97	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
95	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
86	KG18	XG18	K18	X18	F18	○	○	○	○	○	GA86	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
76	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	GA76	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
$I_r$ (A) Rated Current	2	3	2	3	3	4	10	15 16	20	25	50	10	15 16	20	25	5	10	15	
$U_r$ (VDC) Rated Voltage	60						100			120		125			200				
Product Structure	<p>Radial Shape (Screw Hole)</p>						<p>Radial Shape</p>			<p>Radial Shape</p>			<p>Axial Shape (Flat Electrode)</p>						
							Lead wire can be customized.												